BUDGET 2010-11

AT A GLANCE

	Rs. in Billion *	
	2009	2010
Spending	2,897	3,259
Source	2,175	2,574
Deficit	722	685

Deficit to be financed by

	722	685
Domestic borrowings	457.00	298.40
External source	265.00	386.60

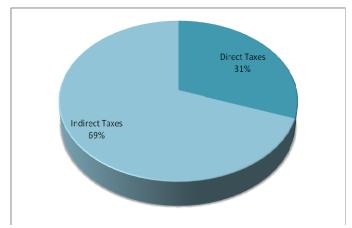


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TAX REVENUE TARGET

		2009-10		2010-11
	Budget	Collection upto April 2010	Budget	Increase
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(%)
Direct Taxes	565	359	658	16.40
Indirect Taxes	817	638	1,122	37.33
-	1,382	1,382	1,780	

Rs. in Billion *





Finance Bill 2010

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SALIENT FEATURES BUDGET 2010-11

SALES TAX ACT, 1990

The amendments are applicable from July 01, 2010 specified otherwise.

- Value Added Tax (VAT) is proposed to be effective from October 1, 2010.
- Increase in the rate of sales tax by 1% across the board effective from July 1, 2010.
- Amendments made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 have been given legal cover to become part of the Act.
- No need to issue audit report/contravention in case proceeding u/s. 25 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.
- The Board has been empowered to select cases for audit through computer balloting.



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INCOME TAX

- Withholding tax at import stage in case of commercial importer is proposed to be increased from 4% to 5%.
- Withholding tax @ 0.3% has been proposed on banking transaction including demand draft, pay order, online transfer, telegraphic transfer, CDR, STDR, RTC, or the sum total of the payments for such truncations in a day, exceeds Rs. 25,000/-. This is in addition to cash withdrawal.
- Individual having turnover exceeding Rs. 50 million has been prorated to be included in the list of prescribed person for the purpose of withholding tax u/s. 153 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- Exemption on capital gain on sale of shares of the listed companies has been withdrawn.
- Rate of income tax in case of AOP @ 25% of total income.
- Minimum turnover tax has been enhanced from 0.5% to 1%, AOP and individual having turnover exceeding Rs. 50 million have also been covered under this regime.
- Basic exemption in case of salary and business person is proposed to be enhanced to Rs. 300,000/-.
- 100% depreciation expense is proposed to be allowed on Ramp built to provide access to disabled persons.

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- AOP has been brought at par with a company for the purpose of advance tax u/s. 147 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- Threshold limit for advance tax in case of individual has been enhanced to Rs. 500,000/-.
- 5% tax credit is proposed to be allowed to a company in the tax year of its enlistment.
- 10% withholding tax deductible on Government Securities is proposed to be a final tax.
- Maximum rate of withholding tax in case of non-resident person reduced from 30% to 20%.
- Withholding tax on gross value of Inland Air Ticket has been proposed @ 5%. Under the scheme the Inland Air-Ticketing persons shall withholding the tax, which will be adjustable against the tax liability of the purchaser of such ticket.
- Withholding tax by stock exchange shall be adjustable instead of minimum tax liability.
- Income from property has been proposed to be excluded from FTR, however, the income shall be subject to reduced existing rate.
- The mandatory requirement of filing of wealth statement by the taxpayers in FTR cases with yearly tax amounting to Rs. 35,000/- is proposed to be included in Section 116 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.



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SALES TAX

- Quarterly advance tax payments are paid by 25th of last month, as compared to earlier requirement of such payments by 15th of every month after the end of a quarter.
- Board has assumed power to select cases for audit through computer balloting in addition to already power rests with the Commissioner u/s. 177 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- Certain relieves is proposed to be given to industrial and commercial taxpayers of Khyber Paktunkhwa, FATA & PATA.
- For the wellbeing of listed company a Tax credit of BMR costs incurred by such a company is proposed to be provided @ 10% for the tax year of its incurrence. This concession has been proposed to be admissible for the tax years 2011 to 2015;
- Various amendments with reference to re-designation of authorities, nomenclature of appellate forum were made through finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 to cater inland revenue reform in order to give legal cover, the same have been made part of Finance Bill 2010, with immediate effect.
- Scope of Section 111 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, is proposed to be enlarged.
- ➢ No appeal shall lie against penalty order.

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- Various penalties have been proposed for different nature of offence inline with Sales Tax Act, 1990.
- Exemption from taxation of perquisites on waiver of employees obligation to pay or repay, and amount owed to employer, is proposed.



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FEDERAL EXCISE ACT, 2005

- Withdrawal of restriction on adjustment of Federal Excise Duty paid on beverage concentrate.
- Levy of Federal Excise Duty @ Rs. 1/- per filter rod for cigarettes is aimed at realization of revenue on sale of filter rods of unregistered and illicit manufacturer of cigarettes, effective from June 6, 2010.
- Increase rate of Federal Excise Duty on Natural Gas from Rs. 5.09 per MMBTu to Rs. 10/- per MMBTu, effective from July 1, 2010.
- Levy of 10% Federal Excise Duty on electricity intensive home appliances.



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CUSTOMS ACT, 1969

- Reduction of customs duty on crude palm oil from Rs. 9,000/MT to Rs. 8,000/MT to decrease cost of vegetable ghee and oil
- Exemption of customs duty on import of photographic plates and film for x-ray to lower cost of medical diagnoses for general public.
- Reduction of duty to 5% on pharmaceutical raw material and drugs to provide relief to common man.
- Reduction of duty on equipment for dedicated use of renewable energy to encourage use of renewable energy resources.
- Reduction of duty on raw materials for laundry soap and detergent to provide relief to general public.
- Concession of customs duty on import of Road Sweeping Lorries to increase efficiency of municipal and local governments.
- Exemption of customs duty on import of fully dedicate LPG buses and dispensing equipment to encourage use of cheaper environment friendly fuel.
- Exemption of customs duty on import of raw material/components for energy saving lamps to support its local manufacturers.



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SALES TAX

- Exemption of customs duty and sales tax on rice processing machinery to boost value addition and export of rice.
- Reduction of duty on raw materials of leather industry to encourage leather exports.
- Reduction of duty on raw materials of glass industry to make them more competitive.
- Reduction of duty on secondary quality tin mill black plate for manufacturers of tin plate to reduce their manufacturing cost.
- Exemption of duty on milk filters to support dairy industry.
- Exemption of duty on other than pure bred breeding animals to bring their duty at par with pure bred breeding animals.
- Exemption of duty on silk yarn spun from other than silk waste to rationalize tariff.



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SALES TAX

The amendments are applicable from July 01, 2010 specified otherwise.

SECTION	PRESENT POSITION AS ON 30 TH JUNE, 2010	PROPOSED AMENDMENT THROUGH FINANCE BILL 2010
2		Change in nomenclature for author- ity, Appellate Tribunal, etc. to bring inline with Inland Revenue Department. Initially the amend- ment was brought through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 to give legal cover and become part of the Act the amendment has been repeated.
3	Subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall be charged, levied and paid a tax known as sales tax at the rate of sixteen per cent of the value of	The sales tax rate has been en- hanced by 1% across the board i.e. The increase in rates is effective from July 1, 2010.
24	Retention of record and docu- ments for five years A person who is required to main- tain any record or documents under this Act, shall retain the record and documents for a period of five years after the end of the tax period to which such record or documents relate.	The retention period of sales tax record was enhanced to six years through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009. Now in order to give legal cover the amendment has been repeated to be part of the Act.



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	Pre-commencement expenditure-	It has been proposed to substitute this sub-section namely:
	The officer of Sales Tax, on the basis of the record, obtained under sub-section (1), may, once in a year, conduct audit:	The officer of Inland Revenue au- thorized by the Commissioner, on the basis of the record, obtained under sub-section (1), may, once in a year, conduct audit:
25(2)	Provided that in case the Collector has information or sufficient evi- dence showing that such registered person is involved in tax fraud or evasion of tax, he may authorize an officer of sales tax, not below the rank of Assistant Collector, to con- duct an inquiry or investigation under section 38:	Provided that in case the Commis- sioner has information or sufficient evidence showing that such regis- tered person is involved in tax fraud or evasion of tax, he may authorize an officer of inland reve- nue, not below the rank of Assis- tant Collector, to conduct an in- quiry or investigation under section 38:
	Provided further that nothing in this sub-section shall bar the sales tax officer from conducting audit of the records of the registered per- son if the same were earlier audited by the office of the Auditor- General of Pakistan;	Provided further that nothing in this sub-section shall bar the officer of inland revenue from conducting audit of the records of the regis- tered person if the same were earli- er audited by the office of the Au- ditor-General of Pakistan; <i>Through this amendment the au-</i> <i>thorization from Commissioner is</i> <i>mandatory to conduct audit by the</i> <i>Officer of Inland Revenue.</i>



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	The Assistant Collector (Audit), shall issue audit observation point- ing out the contraventions of the Act or rules, as the case may be, and the amount of tax evaded	It has been proposed to substitute this sub-section namely: After completion of the audit under this section or any other provision of this Act, the officer of Inland Revenue may, if considered neces- sary, after obtaining the registered
	therein, on the basis of scrutiny of such records, as prescribed under the Act or rules or in any other manner by the Board. The regis- tered person may, within a period of fifteen days of the receipt of audit observation, submit his point of view in writing	person's explanation on all the is- sues raised in the audit shall pass an order under section 11 or section 36, as the case may be, imposing the amount of tax under this Act, charging default surcharge, impos- ing penalty and recovery of any amount erroneously refunded.
25(3)		Now the Officer Inland Revenue not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner may pass an order u/s. 11 and 36 as the case may be, the condition of issuance of audit report and contravention report has been done away as such there is no requirement to issue audit and contravention report, the As- sistant Commissioner Inland Reve- nue may initiate proceeding direct- ly u/s. 11 and 36 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990. This provision has been brought at par with Section 177 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.



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25(4)	If, within the period prescribed in sub-section (3), no reply is received or the reply furnished by the regis- tered person is found unsatisfacto- ry, the Assistant Collector shall issue an audit report specifying the amount of tax or charge that has not been levied or has been short levied or has been erroneously re- funded or any other violation of any provision of Act or rules made thereunder.	It has been proposed to omit this sub-section.
25(5)	Provided if a registered person wishes to deposit the amount of tax short paid or amount of tax evaded along with default surcharge during the audit, or at any time before issuance of show cause notice in lieu of the audit report, he may deposit the evaded amount of tax, default surcharge under section 34, and twenty five per cent of the pe- nalty payable under section 33:	Provided if a registered person wishes to deposit the amount of tax short paid or amount of tax evaded along with default surcharge during the audit, or at any time before is- suance of show cause notice, he may deposit the evaded amount of tax, default surcharge under section 34, and twenty five per cent of the penalty payable under section 33: <i>The word "audit report" has been</i> <i>omitted to bring this sub-section</i> <i>inline with sub-section 3 of Section</i> 25.



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Non-existent The Com Inland R any tran who are transfer between to reflect supplies tion; This sect	tions between associates missioner or an officer of evenue may, in respect of asaction between persons associates, determine the price of taxable supplies the persons as is necessary t the fair market value of in an arm's length transac- tion was initially inserted
Ordinand come pa	Finance (Amendment) ce, 2009, in order to be- rt of the Act the amend-
 Delegation of powers.— (1) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette and subject to such limitations or conditions as may be specified therein, empower by name or designation -	been repeated. Board may, by notification ficial Gazette and subject imitations or conditions as specified therein, empower or designation - Additional Collector of x or Deputy Collector of tx to exercise any of the of a Collector of Sales Tax s Act; Deputy Collector of Sales assistant Collector of Sales xercise any of the powers ditional Collector of Sales er this Act; Assistant Collector of Sales xercise any of the powers uty Collector of Sales Tax



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	(d) any other officer of Sales Tax to exercise any of the powers of an Assistant Collector of Sales Tax under this Act.	(d) any other officer of Sales Tax to exercise any of the powers of an Assistant Collector of Sales Tax under this Act.
	(2) Unless the Board in any case otherwise directs, the Collector may authorize an officer subordi- nate to him to exercise within any specified area, any of the powers of the Collector or of any other officer of Sales Tax under this Act.	(2) OMITTED.
	(3) The officer to whom any pow- ers are delegated under this section shall not further delegate such powers.	(3) The officer to whom any pow- ers are delegated under this section shall not further delegate such powers.
		The sub-section has been omitted bring sub-section 1 at par.
	Authorized officers to have access to premises, stocks, ac- counts and records—	
38	(1) Any officer authorized in this behalf by the Board shall have free access to business or manufacturing premises	(1) Any officer authorized in this behalf by the Board or the Com- missioner shall have free access to business or manufacturing premises
		Through this amendment now Commissioner has also been em- powered to exercise this Section. It was pervious position which has been restored.



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	Appeals to Appellate Tribunal.–	
	(1) Any person including an officer of Sales Tax not below the rank of an Additional Collector, aggrieved by any order passed by–	(1) Any person including an officer of Inland Revenue not below the rank of an Additional Commission- er, aggrieved by any order passed by–
46	 (a) the Collector of Sales Tax (Appeals) under section 45B, (b) the Collector of Sales Tax through adjudication or under any of the provisions of this Act or rules made thereunder, (c) the Board under section 45A, may, within sixty days of the receipt of such decision or order, prefer appeal to the Appellate Tribunal. 	 (a) the Collector of Inland Revenue (Appeals) under section 45B, (b) the Collector of Inland Revenue through adjudication or under any of the provisions of this Act or rules made thereunder, (c) the Board under section 45A, may, within sixty days of the re- ceipt of such decision or order, prefer appeal to the Appellate Tri- bunal.
	 (2) The Appellate Tribunal may admit an appeal preferred after the period of limitation specified in sub-section (1) if it is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not presenting it within the specified period. (3) The appeal shall be accompanied by a fee of one thousand rupees paid in such manner as the Board may prescribe. 	 (2) The Appellate Tribunal may admit an appeal preferred after the period of limitation specified in sub-section (1) if it is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not presenting it within the specified period. (3) The appeal shall be accompanied by a fee of one thousand rupees paid in such manner as the Board may prescribe. The domestic taxes i.e. income tax sales tax & federal excise duty has been brought under Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue.



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	Non-existent	Reference to authorities
72A		Any reference to Collector, Addi- tional Collector, Deputy Collector, Assistant Collector, Superinten- dent, Senior Auditor and an Officer of Sales Tax, wherever occurring, in this Act and the rules, notifica- tions, clarifications, general orders or orders made or issued thereund- er, shall be construed as reference to Commissioner Inland Revenue, Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, Assistant Com- missioner Inland Revenue, Super- intendent Inland Revenue, Inland Revenue Audit Officer and an of- ficer of Inland Revenue, respective- ly. The amendment was brought through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009 to give legal cov- er as Act the amendment has been repeated.



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	Non-existent	Selection for audit by the Board
	ivon-existent	(1) The Board may select persons or classes of persons for audit of tax affairs through computer ballot which may be random or parame- tric as the Board may deem fit.
		(2) Audit of tax affairs of persons selected under sub-section (1) shall be conducted as per procedure giv- en in section 25 and all the provi- sions of this Act shall apply accor- dingly.
72B		(3) For the removal of doubt, it is hereby declared that the Board shall be deemed always to have had, the power to select any per- sons or classes of persons for audit of tax affairs under this section.
		This proposed amendment empow- ers Board to select cases in addi- tion to cases selected by Commis- sioner Inland Revenue u/s. 25 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.



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NOTIFICATIONS

SRO	Brief
395(I)/2010	Sales tax on items listed subject to higher rate from 21% to 22% effective from July 1, 2010.
396(1)/2010	Sales tax on import of soybean seed by solvent extraction unit has been increased from 6% to 7% effective from July 1, 2010.
397(I)/2010	Sales tax on import of rape seed, sunflower seed and canola seed by solvent extraction unit has been increased from 14% to 15% effective from July 1, 2010.
398(I)/2010	The rate of sales tax in case of supply of natural gas to CNG stations has been increased from 25% to 26% effective from June 5, 2010.

The following SROs have been notified dated: June 5, 2010.



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INCOME TAX

Amendments are effective from July 01, 2010 specified otherwise.

SECTION	PRESENT POSITION AS ON 30 TH JUNE, 2010	PROPOSED AMENDMENT THROUGH FINANCE BILL, 2010
2		Various amendments have been made to re-designate authorities through Finance amendment Ordin- ance, 2009 with refresh to Inland Revenue, in order to make part of the Finance Act 2010 the amend- ment has been repeated.
4 (1)	Tax on taxable income (1) Subject to this Ordinance, in- come tax shall be imposed for each tax year, at the rate or rates speci- fied in Division I or II of Part I of the First Schedule, as the case may be, on every person who has taxable income for the year.	Amended position as under: Subject to this Ordinance, income tax shall be imposed for each tax year, at the rate or rates specified in Division I, IB or II of Part I of the First Schedule, as the case may be, on every person who has taxable income for the year
13(7)	Value of perquisites- Where a loan is made, on or after the 1st day of July, 2002, by an em- ployer to an employee and either no profit on loan is payable by the em- ployee or the rate of profit on loan is less than the benchmark rate, the amount chargeable to tax to the em- ployee under the head "Salary" for a tax year shall include an amount equal to-	Where a loan is made, on or after the 1st day of July, 2002, by an employ- er to an employee and either no profit on loan is payable by the em- ployee or the rate of profit on loan is less than the benchmark rate, the amount chargeable to tax to the em- ployee under the head "Salary" for a tax year shall include an amount equal to-



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	(a) the profit on loan computed at the benchmark rate, where no profit on loan is payable by the employee, or	(a) the profit on loan computed at the benchmark rate, where no profit on loan is payable by the employee, or
	(b) the difference between the amount of profit on loan paid by the employee in that tax year and the amount of profit on loan computed at the benchmark rate, as the case may be.	(b) the difference between the amount of profit on loan paid by the employee in that tax year and the amount of profit on loan computed at the benchmark rate, as the case may be;
		A new proviso added namely:
		Provided that this sub-section shall not apply to such benefit arising to an employee due to waiver of inter- est by such employee on his account with the employer.
37(3)	Capital gains Where a capital asset has been held by a person for more than one year, the amount of any gain arising on disposal of the asset shall be com- puted in accordance with the fol- lowing formula, namely:- A x ³ / ₄ where A is the amount of the gain determined under sub-section (2).	Where a capital asset has been held by a person for more than one year other than shares of public compa- nies including the vouchers of Pa- kistan Telecommunication Corpora- tion, modaraba certificates or any instrument of redeemable capital as defined in the Companies Ordin- ance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), the amount of any gain arising on dis- posal of the asset shall be computed in accordance with the following formula, namely:- $A x \frac{3}{4}$ where A is the amount of the gain determined under sub-section (2).

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		Haroon Zakaria & Company
37(S)(a)	In this section, "capital asset" means property of any kind held by a per- son, whether or not connected with a business, but does not include – (a) any stock-in-trade (not being stocks and shares), consumable stores or raw materials held for the purpose of business;	In this section, "capital asset" means property of any kind held by a per- son, whether or not connected with a business, but does not include – (a) any stock-in-trade consumable stores or raw materials held for the purpose of business;
		Since the exemption of gain on sale of public quoted company shares has been withdrawn, therefore, suit- able amendment is proposed to be made in this Section.
37(A)	Non-existent	Capital gains on sale of securities (1) Subject to this Ordinance, a gain arising on the sale of securities shall be chargeable to tax at the rate spe- cified in Division VII of Part I of the First Schedule;
		Provided that this sub-section shall not apply if the securities are held for a period of more than twelve months;
		Provided further that the provisions shall not apply to a banking company.
		(2) In this section securities means shares of a public company, vouch- ers of Pakistan Telecommunication Corporation, Modaraba Certificates or instruments of redeemable capital.
		(3) The amount of gain under this section shall be treated as a separate block of income;



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	Non-existent	Tax credit for investment
		(1) Subject to sub-section (1), where a taxpayer being a company invests any amount in the purchase of a plant and machinery for installation, for the purposes of balancing, mod- ernization and replacement in an industrial undertaking set up in Pa- kistan and owned by it, credit equal to ten per cent of the tax payable shall be allowed for the tax year in which the said costs are incurred against the tax payable by the com- pany.
65(B)		(2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall apply if the plant and machinery is purchased and installed at any time between the first day of July, 2010, and the 30th day of June, 2015.
		(3) Where any credit is allowed un- der this section and subsequently it is discovered by the Commissioner Inland Revenue that any one or more of the conditions specified in this section was, or were, not ful- filled, as the case may be, the credit originally allowed shall be deemed to have been wrongly allowed and the Commissioner Inland Revenue may, notwithstanding anything con- tained in this Ordinance, re-compute the tax payable by the taxpayer for the relevant year and the provisions of this Ordinance shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly;





	Non-existent	New clause inserted i.e
65 (c)		Tax credit for enlistment (1) Where a taxpayer being a com- pany opts for enlistment in any reg- istered stock exchange in Pakistan, a tax credit equal to five per cent of the tax payable shall be allowed for the tax year in which the said com- pany is enlisted;
	Non-existent	Deceased individuals-
87 (2A)		<i>New sub clause inserted namely:</i> (2A) The liability under this Ordin- ance shall be the first charge on the deceased's estate.;
	Unexplained Income or Assets	
111 (2)	The amount referred to in sub- section (1) shall be included in the person's income chargeable to tax in the tax year immediately preced- ing the financial year in which it was discovered by the Commis- sioner.	The amount referred to in sub- section (1) shall be included in the person's income chargeable to tax in the tax year to which such amount relates. <i>The amendment has enlarged scope</i> <i>of this Section.</i>
111(4)(a)	Sub-section (1) does not apply,- (a) to any amount of foreign ex- change remitted from outside Pakistan through normal banking channels that is encashed into ru- pees by a scheduled bank and a cer- tificate from such bank is produced to that effect; and	Sub-section (1) does not apply,- (a) to any amount of foreign ex- change remitted from outside Pakis- tan through normal banking chan- nels that is encashed into rupees by a scheduled bank and a certificate from such bank is produced to that effect.



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111(4)(b)	to any amount referred to in sub- section (1), relating to a period beyond preceding five tax years or assessment years.	Deleted. Restriction of time limit for five years has been removed, apparently concealed income relating to any previous period can be brought to the tax net. However, in our opinion the amendment assessment is subject to time limit specified in sub-section 4 of Section 122 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, whereby five years time limit has been prescribed.
113 (1)	Minimum tax on the income of certain persons (1) This section shall apply to a resident company where, for any reason whatsoever allowed under this Ordinance, including any other law for the time being in force –	(1) This section shall apply to a res- ident company, an individual (hav- ing turnover of fifty million rupees or above in the tax year 2009 or in any subsequent tax year) and an association of persons (having turn- over of fifty million rupees or above in the tax year 2007 or in any subse- quent tax year)and where, for any reason whatsoever allowed under this Ordinance, including any other law for the time being in force –
113(e)	The claiming of allowances or de- ductions (including depreciation and amortization deductions) no tax is payable or paid by the person for a tax year or the tax payable or paid by the person for a tax year is less than one-half per cent of the amount representing the person's turnover from all sources for that year:	The claiming of allowances or de- ductions (including depreciation and amortization deductions) no tax is payable or paid by the person for a tax year or the tax payable or paid by the person for a tax year is less than one per cent of the amount representing the person's turnover from all sources for that year:

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113 (2) (b)	The person shall pay as income tax for the tax year (instead of the ac- tual tax payable under this Ordin- ance), an amount equal to one-half per cent of the person's turnover for the year;	The person shall pay as income tax for the tax year (instead of the actual tax payable under this Ordinance), an amount equal to one per cent of the person's turnover for the year;
114 (6)	Return of income: Any person who, having furnished a return, discovers any omission or wrong statement therein, without prejudice to any other liability, which he may incur under this Or- dinance, may furnish a revised return for that tax year at any time, within five years from the end of the financial year in which original re- turn was filed	Subject to sub-section (6A), any person who, having furnished a re- turn, discovers any omission or wrong statement therein, may file revised return subject to the follow- ing conditions, namely:- (a) it is accompanied by the revised accounts or revised audited ac- counts, as the case may be; and (b) the reasons for revision of return, in writing, duly signed, by the tax- payers are filed with the return; <i>The amendment was made through</i> <i>Finance (Amendment) Ordinance,</i> 2009.
115 (4B)	Persons not required to furnish a return of income- Every person (other than a compa- ny) filing statement under sub- section (4), falling under final tax regime (FTR) and has paid tax amounting to twenty thousand ru- pees or more for the tax year, shall file a wealth statement alongwith reconciliation of wealth statement.	Deleted .



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116 (2A)	Non-Existent	(2A) Where a person files a return in response to a provisional assessment under section 122C, he shall furnish a wealth statement for that year along with that return and such wealth statement shall be accompa- nied by a wealth reconciliation statement and an explanation of sources of acquisition of assets spe- cified therein; <i>This amendment was brought</i> <i>through Finance (Amendment)</i> <i>Ordinance, 2009 now in order to</i> <i>validate the amendment has been</i> <i>part of proposed bill.</i>
116 (4)	Non-Existent	The new provision has been pro- posed to be added namely: Every person (other than a compa- ny) filing statement under sub- section (4) of section 115, falling under final tax regime (FTR) and has paid tax amounting to thirty-five thousand rupees or more for the tax year, shall file a wealth statement alongwith reconciliation of wealth statement;
	Method of furnishing returns and other documents-	The amended sub-clause namely:
118 (3)	A return of income for any person (other than a company), an employ- er certificate of an individual or a statement required under sub- section (4) of section 115 shall be furnished on or before the thirtieth day of September next following the end of the tax year to which the return, certificate or statement re- lates.	A return of income for any person (other than a company), an Annual Statement of deduction of income tax from salary, filed by the em- ployer of an individual or a state- ment required under sub-section (4) of section 115 shall be furnished as per the following schedule, namely:-

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		 (a) In the case of an Annual Statement of deduction of income tax from salary, filed by the employer of an individual, return of income through e-portal in the case of a salaried person or a statement required under sub-section (4) of section 115, on or before the 31st day of August next following the end of the tax year to which the return, Annual Statement of deduction of income tax from salary, filed by the employer or statement relates. (b) in the case of a return of income for any person (other than a company), as described under clause (a), on or before the 30th day of September next following the end of the
121 (1) (d)	Best Judgment Assessment Best Judgment Assessment produce before the Commissioner, or any person employed by a firm of char- tered accountants under section 177, accounts, documents and records required to be maintained under section 174, or any other relevant document or evidence that may be required by him for the pur- pose of making assessment of in- come and determination of tax due thereon,	tember next following the end of the tax year to which the return relates; Best Judgment Assessment produce before the Commissioner, or any person employed by a firm of char- tered accountants, or a firm of cost and management accountants under section 177, accounts, documents and records required to be main- tained under section 174, or any other relevant document or evidence that may be required by him for the purpose of making assessment of income and determination of tax due thereon, by virtue of the proposed of amendment now cost and manage- ment accountant also included in the list of auditor to conduct audit Section 177 of Income Tax Ordin- ance, 2001.



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121 (2)(a)	As soon as possible after making an assessment under this section, the Commissioner shall issue the assessment order to the taxpayer stating- (a) the taxable income;	As soon as possible after making an assessment under this section, the Commissioner shall issue the as- sessment order to the taxpayer stat- ing- (a) the taxable income or income After the insertion of word "in- come" the income covered under FTR also can be made subject to Best judgment Assessment.
122 (4)	Amendment of assessments Where an assessment order (herei- nafter referred to as the "original assessment") has been amended under sub-section (1) or (3), the Commissioner may further amend, as many times as may be necessary, the original assessment within the later of –	Where an assessment order (herei- nafter referred to as the "original assessment") has been amended under sub-section (1) or, (3) (5A), the Commissioner may further amend, as many times as may be necessary, the original assessment within the later of – The subsection (5A) has been in- serted meaning thereby now the Commissioner amend the order not with standing already action u/s. 122 (5A) has been initiated, in our opinion the proposed amendment to remove ambiguity persist after ac- tion u/s. 122 (5A).

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		New subsection has been introduced
122 (5AA)	Non-Existent	(5AA) The Commissioner is deemed to have, and always had, the powers to amend or further amend an as- sessment order under sub-section (5A), where appeal has been filed or decided against the order of the Commissioner, in respect of any point or issue which was not the subject matter of such appeal.
		The proposed amendment is inline with Section 66A (1A) (b) of Re- pealed Income Tax Ordinance, 1979.
122 C	Non-Existent	Provisional assessment (1) Where in response to a notice under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 114 a person fails to furnish return of income for any tax year, the Commissioner may, based on any available information or ma- terial and to the best of his judg- ment, make a provisional assess- ment of the taxable income or in- come of the person and issue a pro- visional assessment order specifying the taxable income or income as- sessed and the tax due thereon. (2) Notwithstanding anything con- tained in this Ordinance, the provi- sional assessment order completed under sub-section (1) shall be treat- ed as the final assessment order after the expiry of sixty days from the date of service of order of provi- sional assessment and the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply accor- dingly:



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	Assessment giving effect to an	Provided that the provisions of sub- section (2) shall not apply if return of income alongwith wealth state- ment, wealth reconciliation state- ment and other documents required under sub-section (2A) of section 116 are filed by the person for the relevant tax year during the said period of sixty days; <i>This amendment was brought</i> <i>through Finance (amendment) Or-</i> <i>dinance, 2009 now in order to vali-</i> <i>date the amendment has been part of</i> <i>proposed bill.</i>
124(2)	Assessment giving effect to an order (1) Except where sub-section (2) applies, where, in consequence of, or to give effect to, any finding or direction in any order made under Part III of this Chapter by the Commissioner (Appeals), Appellate Tribunal, High Court, or Supreme Court an assessment order or amended assessment order is to be issued to any person, the Commis- sioner shall issue the order within two years from the end of the finan- cial year in which the order of the Commissioner (Appeals), Appellate Tribunal, High Court or Supreme Court, as the case may be, was served on the Commissioner.	<i>The Provision has been amendment</i> <i>as under:</i> (1) Except where sub-section (2) applies, where, in consequence of, or to give effect to, any finding or direction in any order made under Part III of this Chapter by the Ap- pellate Tribunal, High Court, or Su- preme Court an assessment order or amended assessment order is to be issued to any person, the Commis- sioner shall issue the order within two years from the end of the finan- cial year in which the order of the Commissioner (Appeals), Appellate Tribunal, High Court or Supreme Court, as the case may be, was served on the Commissioner.

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(2) Where, by an order made under (2) Where, by an order made under Part III of this Chapter by the Part III of this Chapter by the Com-Commissioner (Appeals), Appellate missioner (Appeals), Appellate Tri-Tribunal, High Court, or Supreme bunal, High Court, or Supreme Court, an assessment order is set Court, an assessment order is set aside wholly or partly, and the aside wholly or partly, and the Commissioner or Commissioner Commissioner or Commissioner (Appeals), as the case may be, is (Appeals), as the case may be, is directed to make a new assessment directed to pass a new assessment order, the Commissioner or Comorder, the Commissioner or Commissioner (Appeals), as the case missioner (Appeals), as the case may be, shall make the new order may be, shall make the new order within one year from the end of the within one year from the end of the financial year in which the Comfinancial year in which the Commissioner or Commissioner (Apmissioner or Commissioner (Appeals), as the case may be, is served peals), as the case may be, is served with the order Provided that limitawith the order Provided that limitation under this sub-section shall not tion under this sub-section shall not apply, if an appeal or reference has apply, if an appeal or reference has been preferred, against the order been preferred, against the order passed by a, Appellate Tribunal or a setting aside the assessment, passed by a Commissioner (Appeals), Ap-High Court. pellate Tribunal or a High Court. Since u/s. 129 the Commissioner (Appeals) has no power to setting a side assessment order for remanding back therefore the required corresponding amendment has been made in this provision.



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	Appeal to the Commissioner (Appeals)	Through the amendment there shall be no appeal lies against penalty
127 (1)	(1) Any person dissatisfied with any order passed by a Commissioner or a taxation officer under section 121, 122, 143, 144, 162, 170, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 4[189 or 205, or an order under sub-section (1) of section 161 holding a person to be personally liable to pay an amount of tax, or an order under clause (f) of sub-section (3) of 146 section 172 declaring a person to be the representative of a non-resident person or an order giving effect to any finding or directions in any or- der made under this Part by the Commissioner (Appeals), Appellate Tribunal, High Court or Supreme Court, or an order under section 221 refusing to rectify the mistake, ei- ther in full or in part, as claimed by the taxpayer or an order having the effect of enhancing the assessment or reducing a refund or otherwise increasing the liability of the person, may prefer an appeal to the Com- missioner (Appeals) against the order.	order u/s. 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188 and 189 proposed amendment is: (1) Any person dissatisfied with any order passed by a Commis- sioner or a taxation officer under section 121, 122, 143, 144, 162, 170, 182, or 205, or an order under sub-section (1) of section 161 hold- ing a person to be personally liable to pay an amount of tax, or an order under clause (f) of sub-section (3) of 146 section 172 declaring a person to be the representative of a non- resident person [or an order giving effect to any finding or directions in any order made under this Part by the Commissioner (Appeals), Appel- late Tribunal, High Court or Su- preme Court], or an order under section 221 refusing to rectify the mistake, either in full or in part, as claimed by the taxpayer or an order having the effect of enhancing the assessment or reducing a refund or otherwise increasing the liability of the person, may prefer an appeal to the Commissioner (Ap- peals) against the order.
127 (4)	The prescribed fee shall be (a) in the case of an appeal against an assessment, one thousand rupees	(a), the words, or ten percent of the tax assessed shall be omitted in our opinion it appears there is mistake by repeating already amendment made through Finance Act 2009.

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	Appointment of Appellate	
	Tribunal-	
130 (4)	A person may be appointed as an accountant member of the Appellate Tribunal if the person is an officer of the Income Tax Group equivalent in rank to that of a Regional Com- missioner and the Commissioner of Income Tax or Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) having at least five years experience as Com- missioner shall also be eligible for appointment.	A person may be appointed as an accountant member of the Appellate Tribunal if the person is an officer of Inland Revenue equivalent in rank to that of a Regional Commis- sioner and the Commissioner of Inland Revenue or Commissioner of Inland Revenue (Appeals) having at least five years experience as Com- missioner or Collector shall also be eligible for appointment.
138 B	Non-Existent	Estate in bankruptcy.— (1) If a taxpayer is declared bank- rupt, the tax liability under this Or- dinance shall pass on to the estate in bankruptcy. (2) If tax liability is incurred by an
1		estate in bankruptcy, the tax shall be deemed to be a current expenditure in the operations of the estate in bankruptcy and shall be paid before the claims preferred by other credi- tors are settled;
	Advance Tax	
147 (1)(a)	Advance tax paid by the taxpayer. (1) Subject to sub-section (2), every taxpayer whose income was charged to tax for the latest tax year under this Ordinance or latest assessment year under the repealed Ordinance] other than – (a) income chargeable to tax under the head "Capital Gains";	Since exemption on Capital gain has been withdrawn the Corresponding amendment u/s 147 has been made whereby section 147 (1) (a) has been omitted.



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147 (2)	This section does not apply to an individual or association of persons where the individual's or associa- tion of persons latest assessed taxa- ble income excluding income re- ferred to in clauses (a), (b), (ba), (c) and (d) of sub-section (1) is less than two hundred thousand rupees.	This section does not apply to an individual where the individual's latest assessed taxable income ex- cluding income referred to in clauses (a), (b), (ba), (c) and (d) of sub- section (1) is less than five hundred thousand rupees.
147 (4)	Where the taxpayer is a company, the amount of advance tax due for a quarter shall be computed according to the following formula, namely:- (A x B/C) –D Where – A is the taxpayer's turnover for the quarter; B is the tax assessed to the taxpayer for the latest tax year; C is the taxpayer's turnover for the latest tax year; and D is the tax paid in the quarter for which a tax credit is allowed under section 168, other than tax deducted under section 155.	Where the taxpayer is association of person, a company, the amount of advance tax due for a quarter shall be computed according to the fol- lowing formula, namely:- (A x B/C) –D Where A is the taxpayer's turnover for the quarter; B is the tax assessed to the taxpayer for the latest tax year; C is the taxpayer's turnover for the latest tax year; and D is the tax paid in the quarter for which a tax credit is allowed under section 168, other than tax deducted under sec- tion 155. Through proposed amendment a Company and Association of Persons have been brought at par for the purpose of competition of Advance Tax Liabilities.
147 (4B)	Where the taxpayer is an individual or an association of persons having latest assessed income of two hun- dred thousand rupees or more as determined under sub-section (2), the amount of advance tax due for a quarter shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: -	Where the taxpayer is an individual having latest assessed income of five hundred thousand rupees or more as determined under subsection (2), the amount of advance tax due for a quarter shall be computed according to the following formula, namely: -

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	"(A/4) - B	"(A/4) - B
	Where –	Where –
	A is the tax assessed to the taxpayer	A is the tax assessed to the taxpayer
	for the latest tax year or latest	for the latest tax year or latest
	assessment year under the repealed	assessment year under the repealed
	Ordinance; and 171B is the tax paid	Ordinance; and 171B is the tax paid
	in the quarter for which a tax credit	in the quarter for which a tax credit
	is allowed under section	is allowed under section
	168, other than tax deducted under	168, other than tax deducted under
	section 149 or 155.	section 149 or 155.
	Advance tax is payable by an indi-	Advance tax is payable by an indi-
	vidual or an association of persons	vidual to the Commissioner –
	to the Commissioner –	vidual to the Commissioner –
	(a) in respect of the September quar-	(a) in respect of the September quar-
	ter, on or before] the 15^{th} day of	ter, on or before the 15^{th} day of Sep-
	September;	tember;
2)		
Ň	(b) in respect of the December quar-	(b) in respect of the December quar-
14	ter, on or before the 15th day of	ter, on or before the 15th day of De-
	December;	cember;
	(c) in respect of the March quarter,	(c) in respect of the March quarter,
	on or before the 15th day of March;	on or before the 15th day of March;
	and	and
	(d) in respect of the June quarter, on	(d) in respect of the June quarter, on
	or before the 15th day of June.	or before the 15th day of June.
	Advance tax is payable by a compa-	Advance tax shall be payable by an
	ny to the Commissioner –	association of persons or a company
	(a) in respect of the September quar-	to the Commissioner-
	ter, on or before the 15th day	(a) in respect of the September quar-
	of October;	ter, on or before the 25th day of
\mathbf{A}	(b) in respect of the December quar-	September;
(2/	ter, on or before the 15th day	(b) in respect of the December quar-
147 (5A)	of January;	ter, on or before the 25th day of De-
1	(c) in respect of the March quarter,	cember;
	on or before the 15th day of	(c) in respect of the March quarter,
	April; and	on or before the 25th day of March;
	(d) in respect of the June quarter, on	and
	or before the 15th day of	(d) in respect of the June quarter, on
	June.	or before the 15th day of June
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147 (5B)	Non-Existent	Computation of advance tax liability in case of capital gain on sale of shares has been separately provided in this section.
148 (7)	Imports- The tax collected under this section shall be a final tax on the income of the importer arising from the im- ports subject to sub-section (1) and this subsection shall not apply in the case of import-	The tax collected under this section shall be a final tax (except as pro- vided under sub section 8) on the income of the importer arising from the imports subject to sub-section (1) and this sub-section shall not apply in the case of import-
151 (4)	Profit on debt: Non-Existent	New subsection has been inserted namely — (4) Tax deducted on profit on debt from Debt instruments, Government securities including Treasury Bills and Pakistan Investment Bonds, shall be final tax on profit or debt;
152 (2)	Payments to non-residents- Subject to sub-section (3), every person paying an amount to a non- resident person (other than an amount to which sub-section (1) or sub-section (1A) applies) shall de- duct tax from the gross amount paid at the rate specified in Division II of Part III of the First Schedule.	Subject to sub-section (3), every person paying an amount to a nonre- sident person (other than an amount to which sub-section (1) or sub- section (1A), (1AA) applies) shall deduct tax from the gross amount paid at the rate specified in Division II of Part III of the First Schedule.

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	Payments for goods and services:	
	In this section, –	In this section, –
	"prescribed person" means –	"prescribed person" means –
	(a) the Federal Government;	(a) the Federal Government;
	(b) a company;	(b) a company;
	(c) an association of persons	(c) an association of persons
	constituted by, or under law;	constituted by, or under, law;
â	(cc) a non-profit organization;	(cc) a non-profit organization;
6	(d) a foreign contractor or	(d) a foreign contractor or
153(9)(g)	consultant;	consultant;
1,	(e) a consortium or joint venture;	(e) a consortium or joint venture;
	(f) an exporter or an export house	(f) an exporter or an export house
	for the purpose of sub-section	for the purpose of sub-section
	(1A)	(1A)
	(g) an association of persons, having	(g) an association of persons, having
	turnover of fifty million rupees or	turnover of fifty million rupees or
	above in tax year 2007 and on-	above in tax year 2007 or in any
	wards.	subsequent tax year.
a	Non-Existent	New Sub-clause added :
1) (1		(h) an individual, having turnover of
6		fifty million rupees or above in the
53		tax year 2009 or in any subsequent
		tax year.
155 (2) 153 (9) (h)	Income from property-	
5 ()	The tax deducted under sub-section	
15	(1) shall be a final tax on the income	Omitted.
	from property.	
	Statements	(1) Every person collecting to up
	(1) Every person collecting tax un- der Division II of this Part or Chap-	(1) Every person collecting tax un- der Division II of this Part or Chap-
	ter XII or deducting tax from a	ter XII] or deducting tax from a
	payment under Division III of this	payment under Division III of this
1	Part or Chapter XII shall, within	Part or Chapter XII shall, within two
165 (1)	two months after the end of the fi-	months after the end of the each
	nancial year or within such further	quarter or furnish to the Commis-
	time as the Commissioner may al-	sioner a statement in the prescribed
	low by order in writing, furnish to	form setting out–
	the Commissioner a statement in the	Torin Setting Out
1		
	prescribed form setting out-	



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165 (1) (a)	the name and address of each person from whom tax has been collected under Division II of this Part or Chapter XII or to whom payments have been made from which tax has been deducted under Division III of this Part or Chapter XII in the year;	the name and address of each person from whom tax has been collected under Division II of this Part or Chapter XII or to whom payments have been made from which tax has been deducted under Division III of this Part or Chapter XII in each quarter;
165 (1) (b)	the total amount of payments made to a person from which tax has been deducted under Division III of this Part or Chapter XII in the year ;	the total amount of payments made to a person from which tax has been deducted under Division III of this Part or Chapter XII in each quarter
165 (1) (c)	II of this Part or Chapter XII or de- ducted from payments made to a person under Division III of this Part or Chapter XII in the year; and	II of this Part or Chapter XII or de- ducted from payments made to a person under Division III of this Part or Chapter XII in each quarter
165 (1) proviso	Non-Existent	Provided that every person as pro- vided in sub-section (1) shall be required to file withholding state- ment even where no withholding tax is collected or deducted during the period.;

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		The following shall be substituted, namely:-
165 (2)	In addition to the annual statement required to be furnished under sub- section (1), a person collecting tax under Division II of this Part or Chapter XII] or deducting tax under Division III of this Part or Chapter XII] may be required to furnish statements on a monthly, quarterly or six monthly basis as may be pre- scribed.	Every person collecting tax under Division II of this Part or Chapter XII or deducting tax under Division III of this Part or Chapter XII shall furnish statements under sub-section (1) as per the following schedule, namely in respect of the September quarter, on or before the 20th day of October; (b) in respect of the December quar- ter, on or before the 20th day of January; (c) in respect of the March quarter, on or before the 20th day of April; and (d) in respect of the June quarter, on or before the 20th day of July
	Tax collected or deducted as a final tax (1) This section shall apply where –	
169	(b) the deduction of tax is a final tax under clauses (a), (b) and (d) of sub-section (1) of section 151, sub- section (1B) or subsection (1BB) of section 152, sub-section (6) of sec- tion 153, section 153A, sub-section (4) of section 154, section 155, sub- section (3) of section 156, sub- section (2) of section 156A or sub- section (1) and (3) of section 233 on the income from which it has been deducted.	(b) the deduction of tax is a final tax under clauses (a), (b) and (d) of sub-section (1) of section 151, sub- section (1B) or subsection (1BB) of section 152, sub-section (6) of sec- tion 153, section 153A, sub-section (4) of section 154, sub-section (3) of section 156, sub-section (2) of sec- tion 156A or sub-section (1) and (3) of section 233 on the income from which it has been deducted.



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169 (3)	Where all the income derived by a person in a tax year is subject to final taxation under the provisions referred to in sub-section (1) or under sections 5, (other than dividend received by a company) 6 and 7, an assessment shall be treated to have been made under section 120 and the person shall not be required to furnish a return of income under section 114 for the year.	Where all the income derived by a person in a tax year is subject to final taxation under the provisions referred to in sub-section (1) or under sections 5, (other than dividend received by a company) 6 and 7, 15 an assessment shall be treated to have been made under section 120 and the person shall not be required to furnish a return of income under section 114 for the year.
169 (Explanation)	Non-Existent	An assessment shall be treated to have been made under section 120 means, (a) the Commissioner shall be taken to have made an assessment of in- come for that tax year, and the tax due thereon equal to those respective amounts specified in the return or statement under sub-section (4) of section 115; and (b) the return or the statement under sub-section (4) of section 115 shall be taken for all purposes of this Or- dinance to be an assessment order.
174	Record: The accounts and documents re- quired to be maintained under this section shall be maintained for five years after the end of the tax year to which they relate.	The accounts and documents re- quired to be maintained under this section shall be maintained for six years after the end of the tax year to which they relate.

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174 (b)	Non-Existent	The following proviso and the ex- planation shall be added, namely: Provided that where any proceeding is pending before any authority or court the taxpayer shall maintain the record till final decision of the pro- ceedings. Explanation Pending proceedings include proceedings for assessment or amendment of assessment, ap- peal, revision, reference, petition or prosecution and any proceedings before an Alternative Dispute Reso- lution Committee;
176(c)	Notice to obtain information or evidence: The firm of chartered accountants, as appointed by the Board, to con- duct audit under section 177, for any tax year, may with the prior approval of the Commissioner con- cerned, enter the business premises of a taxpayer, selected for audit, to obtain any information, require pro- duction of any record, on which the required information is stored and examine it within such premises; and such firm may if specifically delegated by the Commissioner, also exercise the powers as provided in subsection (4).	The Commissioner in addition to the Board has also been empowered to appoint firm of chartered accoun- tants through this amendment.



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	Audit:	The Commissioner may call for any
		record or documents including
	Non-existent	books of accounts maintained under
		this Ordinance or any other law for
		the time being in force for conduct-
		ing audit of the income tax affairs of
		the person and where such record or
		documents have been kept on elec-
		tronic data, the person shall allow
		access to the Commissioner or the
		officer authorized by the Commis-
		sioner for use of machine and soft-
		ware on which such data is kept and
		the Commissioner or the officer may
		take into possession such machine
		and duly attested hard copies of such
		information or data for the purpose
_		of investigation and proceedings
(1)		under this Ordinance in respect of
177		such person or any other person; Provided that-
		(a) the Commissioner may, after
		recording reasons in writing call for
		record or documents including
		books of accounts of the taxpayer;
		and
		(b) the reasons shall be communi-
		cated to the taxpayer while calling
		record or documents including
		books of accounts of the taxpayer:
		Provided further that the Commis-
		sioner shall not call for record or
		documents of the taxpayer after ex-
		piry of six years from the end of the
		tax year to which they relate;
		This amendment was originally
		made through Finance (Amendment)
		Ordinance, 2009.

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177(2)	The Commissioner shall select a person or classes of persons for audit in accordance with the criteria laid down by the Board under subsection (1).	After obtaining the record of a per- son under sub-section (1) or where necessary record is not maintained, the Commissioner shall conduct an audit of the income tax affairs (in- cluding examination of accounts and records, enquiry into expenditure, assets and liabilities) of that person or any other person and may call for such other information and docu- ments as he may deem appropriate; <i>This amendment was originally</i>
		made through Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009.
177(3)	The Board shall keep the criteria confidential.	<i>Omitted through Finance (Amend- ment) Ordinance, 2009.</i>
177(4)	In addition to the selection referred to in sub-section (2), the Commissioner may also select a person or classes of persons for an audit of the person's income tax affairs having regard to (a) the person's history of com- pliance or non-compliance with this Ordinance; (b) the amount of tax payable by the person; (c) the class of business conducted by the person; and (d) any other matter which in the opinion of Commissioner is material for determination of correct income.	Omitted through Finance (Amend- ment) Ordinance, 2009.



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177(5)	After selection of a person or classes of persons for audit under sub-section (2) or (4), the Commis- sioner shall conduct an audit of the income tax affairs (including ex- amination of accounts and records, enquiry into expenditure, assets and liabilities) of such person or classes of persons.	<i>Omitted through Finance (Amend- ment) Ordinance, 2009.</i>
177(6)	After completion of the audit under sub-section (5) or sub-section (8), the Commissioner may, if consi- dered necessary, after obtaining taxpayer's explanation on all the issues raised in the audit, amend the assessment under sub-section (1) or sub-section (4) of section 122, as the case may be.	After completion of the audit under the Commissioner may, if consi- dered necessary, after obtaining tax- payer's explanation on all the issues raised in the audit, amend the as- sessment under sub-section (1) or sub-section (4) of section 122, as the case may be. <i>Omitted through Finance (Amend- ment) Ordinance, 2009.</i>
177(7)	The fact that a person has been au- dited in a year shall not preclude the person from being audited again in the next and following years where there are reasonable grounds for such audits, particularly having re- gard to the factors in sub-section (4).	The fact that a person has been au- dited in a year shall not preclude the person from being audited again in the next and following years <i>Omitted through Finance (Amend- ment) Ordinance, 2009.</i>
177(8)	The Board may appoint a firm of Chartered Accountants as defined under the Chartered Accountants Ordinance, 1961 (X of 1961), to conduct an audit of the income tax affairs of any person or classes of persons selected for audit by the Commissioner or by the Board and	The Board may appoint a firm of Chartered Accountants as defined under the Chartered Accountants Ordinance, 1961 (X of 1961),or a firm of cost and Management Ac- countants as defined under the cost and Management Accountants Act, 1966 (XIV of 1966) to conduct an

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	the scope of such audit shall be as determined by the Board on a case to case basis.	audit of the income tax affairs of any person or classes of persons and the scope of such audit shall be as de- termined by the Board or the Com- missioner on a case to case basis. <i>Inserted through Finance (Amend-</i> <i>ment) Ordinance, 2009.</i>
177(10)	Non-existent	Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (2) and (6) where a person fails to produce before the Commissioner or a firm of Char- tered Accountants or a firm of Cost and Management Accountants ap- pointed by the Board or the Com- missioner under sub-section (8) to conduct an audit, any accounts, doc- uments and records, required to be maintained under section 174 or any other relevant document, electroni- cally kept record, electronic machine or any other evidence that may be required by the Commissioner or the firm of Chartered Accountants or the firm of Cost and Management Accountants for the purpose of audit or determination of income and tax due thereon, the Commissioner may proceed to make best judgment as- sessment under section 121 of this Ordinance and the assessment treated to have been made on the basis of return or revised return filed by the taxpayer shall be of no legal effect.



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[81A	Non-existent	181A. Active taxpayers' list (1) The Board shall have the power to institute active taxpayers' list.	
		(2) Active taxpayers' list shall be regulated as may be prescribed;	
182	 Penalty for failure to furnish a return or statement Any person who, without reasonable excuse, fails to furnish, within the time allowed under this Ordinance, return of income or a statement as required under subsection (4) of section 115 or wealth statement for any tax year as required under this Ordinance shall be liable for a penalty equal to onetenth of one per cent of the tax payable for each day of default subject to a minimum penalty of five hundred rupees and a maximum penalty of twenty-five per cent of the tax payable in respect of that tax year. Any person who, without reasonable excuse, fails to furnish, within the time allowed under this Ordinance, any statement required under section 165 shall be liable for a penalty of two thousand rupees. Where a person liable to a penalty under sub-section (2) continues to fail to furnish the statement, the person shall be liable for an additional penalty of two hundred rupees for each day of default after the imposition of the penalty under sub-section (2). 	Offences and penalties.— Through amendment various quan- tum of penalty have been tabulated against violation of various provi- sion of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. This is inline with Section 33 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.	





	Haroon Zakaria & Company			
	Exemption from penalty and de- fault surcharge	It is proposed to substitute the Sec- tion namely:		
183	 Penalty for non-payment of tax (1) A taxpayer who fails to pay any tax (other than penalty imposed under this section) due under this Ordin- ance by the due date shall be liable for a penalty equal to – (a) in the case of the first default, five per cent of the amount of tax in default; (b) in the case of a second default, an additional penalty of twenty per cent of the amount of tax in default; (c) in the case of a third default, an additional penalty of twenty five per cent of the amount of tax in default; and (d) in the case of a fourth and sub- sequent default, an additional penal- ty of up to fifty per cent of the amount of tax in default as deter- mined by the Commissioner, but the total penalty in respect of the amount of tax. (2) Where, in consequence of any order under this Ordinance, the amount of tax in respect of which any penalty imposed under sub- section (1) is reduced, the amount of the penalty shall be reduced accor- dingly. 	The Federal Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, or the Board by an order published in the official Gazette for reasons to be recorded in writing, exempt any person or class of persons from payment of the whole or part of the penalty and default surcharge paya- ble under this Ordinance subject to such conditions and limitations as may be specified in such notification or, as the case may be, order; <i>This amendment is paramateria of Section 34A of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.</i>		



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		Section 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189 & 190 proposed to be omitted.
		Section 202, 203, 205, 205A, 207, 209, 210 & 211 have been amended through Finance (Amendment) Or- dinance, 2009. The same has been covered through this Finance Bill 2010 to be part of the Act.
	Non-existent	New section has been inserted namely:
214C		Selection for audit by the Board,- (1) The Board may select persons or classes of persons for audit of In- come Tax affairs through computer ballot which may be random or pa- rametric as the Board may deem fit. (2) Audit of Income Tax affairs of persons selected under sub-section (1) shall be conducted as per proce- dure given in section 177 and all the provisions of the Ordinance, except the first proviso to sub-section (1) of section 177, shall apply accordingly.
		(3) For the removal of doubt it is hereby declared that Board shall be deemed always to have had the power to select any persons or classes of persons for audit of In- come Tax affairs;
		The board has been empowered to select the cases under this Section in addition to power given u/s. 177 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.





217(3)	Forms and notices; authentication of documents A notice or other document issued, served or given by the Commission- er under this Ordinance shall be sufficiently authenticated if the name or title of the Commissioner, or authorised taxation officer, is printed, stamped or written on the notice or document.	A notice or other document issued, served or given by the Commission- er under this Ordinance shall be suf- ficiently authenticated if the name or title of the Commissioner, or autho- rised officer of inland revenue, is printed, stamped or written on the notice or document or if it is com- puter generated and bears the au- thentication in the manner pre- scribed by the Board.
226(b)	Computation of limitation period In the case of an assessment or other proceeding under this Ordinance, the period, if any, for which such proceedings were stayed by any Court, Appellate Tribunal or any other authority.	In the case of an assessment or other proceeding under this Ordinance,- (i) the period, if any, for which such proceedings were stayed by any Court, Appellate Tribunal or any other authority; or (ii) the period, if any, for which any proceeding for the tax year remained pending before any Court, Appellate Tribunal or any other authority;
227	Bar of suits in Civil Courts No suit or other legal proceeding shall be brought in any Civil Court against any order made under this Ordinance, and no prosecution, suit or other proceedings shall be made against any person for anything which is in good faith done or in- tended to be done under this Ordin- ance or any rules or orders made thereunder.	 Sub-clause (2) has been inserted namely: (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, no investigation or inquiry shall be undertaken or initiated by any governmental agency against any officer or official for anything done in his official capacity under this Ordinance, rules, instructions or direction made or issued there-under without the prior approval of the Board;

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VIET (1) The Directorate General of Training and Research shall consist of a Director General and as many Directors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such officers as the Board, may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint. (2) The Board may, by notification in the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate General of Training and Research and its officers; Non-Existent Advance tax on transactions in bank (1) Every banking company shall deduct tax at the rate specified in Division VIA of Part IV of the First Schedule, if the payment for withdrawal is made through any mode of banking transactions including Demand Draft, Payment Order, Online Transfer, Telegraphic Transfer, CDR, STDR, RTC, or the sum total of the payments for such transaction in a day, exceeds twenty-five thousand rupces. (2) Advance tax under this section shall not be collected in the case of withdrawals made by,-		Non-existent	Directorate General of Training and Research
VIETin the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate General of Training and Research and its officers;Non-ExistentAdvance tax on transactions in bank (1) Every banking company shall deduct tax at the rate specified in Division VIA of Part IV of the First Schedule, if the payment for with- drawal is made through any mode of banking transactions including De- mand Draft, Payment Order, Online Transfer, Telegraphic Transfer, CDR, STDR, RTC, or the sum total of the payments for such transaction in a day, exceeds twenty-five thou- sand rupees.(2) Advance tax under this section shall not be collected in the case of	229		Training and Research shall consist of a Director General, Additional Director General and as many Direc- tors, Additional Directors, Deputy Directors, Assistant Directors and such officers as the Board, may, by notification in the official Gazette,
VIE (1) Every banking company shall deduct tax at the rate specified in Division VIA of Part IV of the First Schedule, if the payment for with-drawal is made through any mode of banking transactions including Demand Draft, Payment Order, Online Transfer, Telegraphic Transfer, CDR, STDR, RTC, or the sum total of the payments for such transaction in a day, exceeds twenty-five thousand rupees.			in the official Gazette, specify the functions, jurisdiction and powers of the Directorate General of Training
	231AA	Non-Existent	 bank Every banking company shall deduct tax at the rate specified in Division VIA of Part IV of the First Schedule, if the payment for withdrawal is made through any mode of banking transactions including Demand Draft, Payment Order, Online Transfer, Telegraphic Transfer, CDR, STDR, RTC, or the sum total of the payments for such transaction in a day, exceeds twenty-five thousand rupees. Advance tax under this section shall not be collected in the case of

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		(a) the Federal Government or a Provincial Government;
		(b) a foreign diplomat or a diplomat-
		ic mission in Pakistan; or
		ie mission in rakistan, or
		(c) a person who produces a certifi-
		cate from the Commissioner that his
		income during the tax year is ex-
		empt;
		Now withholding tax at 0.3% is also
		applicable in case of transaction
		mentioned above in addition to cash
		withdrawal.
	Collection of tax by a stock ex-	
	change registered in Pakistan	
	The tax collected under clauses (a) to (c) of sub-section (1) shall be	The tax collected under clauses (a) to (c) of sub-section (1) shall be
a	minimum tax.	adjustable.
A (2	inininum tax.	
233A(2)		Through this amendment withhold-
		ing tax is now adjustable instead of
		minimum tax liability, meaning the- reby, in case of tax liability lesser
		than tax amount withheld, the bal-
		ance shall be refundable.
		Telephone users
()	Non-existent	-
236(c)	ivon existent	sale of units through any electronic
3		medium or whatever form.
	Non-existent	The person issuing or selling units through any electronic medium or
3A)		whatever form shall collect advance
236(3A)		tax under sub-section (1) from the
		purchaser at the time of issuance or
		sale of units;



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236B	Non-existent	Advance tax on purchase of air ticket (1) There shall be collected advance tax at the rate specified in Division IX of Part IV of the First Schedule, on the purchase of gross amount of domestic air ticket. (2) The person preparing air ticket shall charge advance tax under sub- section (1) in the manner air ticket charges are charged;
239B	Non-existent	Reference to authorities Any reference to the Regional Commissioner of Income Tax, Commissioner of Income Tax (Ap- peals) and Taxation Officer, whe- rever occurring, in this Ordinance and the rules made thereunder and notifications, orders, circulars or clarifications or any instrument is- sued thereunder shall be construed as reference to the Chief Commis- sioner Inland Revenue, Commis- sioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) and officer of Inland Revenue, re- spectively;





RATE OF TAX FOR INDIVIDUALS FIRST SCHEDULE PART-I Division 1 Sub-Clause (1)

TABLE S. No.	Taxable Income.	Rate of tax.
1.	Where taxable income does not exceed Rs.300,000	0%
2.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.300,000 but does not exceed Rs.400,000	7.50%
3.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.400,000 but does not exceed Rs.500,000	10.00%
4.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.500,000 but does not exceed Rs.600,000	12.50%
5.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.600,000 but does not exceed Rs.800,000	15.00%
6.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.800,000 but does not exceed Rs.10,00,000	17.50%
7.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.10,00,000 but does not exceed Rs.13,00,000	21.00%
8.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.13,00,000	25.00%



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RATE OF TAX FOR SALARY INDIVIDUALS PART-I Division 1 Sub-Clause (1)

TABLE S.No.	Taxable Income.	Rate of tax.
1.	Where the taxable income does not exceed Rs.300,000,	0%
2.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.300,000 but does not exceed Rs.350,000,	0.75%
3.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.350,000 but does not exceed Rs.400,000,	1.50%
4.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.400,000 but does not exceed Rs.450,000,	2.50%
5.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.450,000 but does not exceed Rs.550,000,	3.50%
6.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.550,000 but does not exceed Rs.650,000,	4.50%
7.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.650,000 but does not exceed Rs.750,000,	6.00%
8.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.750,000 but does not exceed Rs.900,000,	7.50%
9.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.900,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,050,000,	9.00%
10.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.1,050,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,200,000,	10.00%
11.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.1,200,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,450,000,	11.00%
12.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.1,450,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,700,000,	12.50%
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13.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.1,700,000 but does not exceed Rs.1,950,000,	14.00%
14.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.1,950,000 but does not exceed Rs. 2,250,000	15.00%
15.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.2,250,000 but does not exceed Rs.2,850,000,	16.00%
16.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.2,850,000 but does not exceed Rs.3,550,000.	17.50%
17.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.3,550,000 but does not exceed Rs.4,550,000.	18.50%
18.	Where the taxable income exceeds Rs.4,550,000.	20.00%

The rate of tax in case of retailer, whose turnover does not exceed Rs. 5,000,000 has been enhanced from 0.5% to 1%.

PART-IV

The withholding tax on utility bills has been reduced from 10% to 5% in case of electricity bill exceeding Rs. 20,000/-.



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Division IB Rates of Tax for Association of Persons

The rate of tax imposed on the taxable income of Association of Persons for the tax year 2010 and onward shall be 25%.

(d) In case of small company the tax rate has been increased from 20% to 25%.

Division VII Capital Gains on Sale of Securities

The rate of tax to be paid under section 37A shall be as follows-

S.No.	Period.	Tax Year.	Rate of tax.
1.	Where holding period of a security is less than six months.	2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	10.0% 10.0% 12.5% 15.0% 17.5%
2.	Where holding period of a security is more than six months but less than twelve months.	2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	7.5% 8.0% 8.5% 9.0% 9.5% 10.0%

- (ii) Withholding tax at import stage in case of commercial importer has been increased from 4% to 5%.
- (iii) In case of payment to non-resident other than technical fee and execution of contact withholding tax has been reduced to 20%.

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Division VI Prizes and Winnings

- (1) The rate of tax to be deducted under section 156 on a prize on prize bond or cross-word puzzle shall be 10% of the gross amount paid.
- (2) The rate of tax to be deducted under section 156 on winnings from a raffle, lottery, prize on winning a quiz, prize offered by a company for promotion of sale, shall be 20% of the gross amount paid.

"Division VIA Advance tax on Transactions in Bank

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 231AA shall be at the rate of 0.3% of the transaction.

Division IX Advance tax on Purchase of Air Ticket

The rate of tax to be deducted under section 236B shall be 5% of the gross amount of air ticket.



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SECOND SCHEDULE

EXEMPTION AND TAX CONCESSION

The following amendments have been proposed in the Schedule which are listed below:

PART-I

• New sub-clause-(iii) has been inserted in Clause 72, in case of profit on debt payable to non-resident person.

being a foreign individual, company, firm or association of persons in respect of a foreign loan as is utilized for industrial investment in Pakistan provided that the agreement for such loan is concluded on or after the first day of February, 1991, and is duly registered with the State Bank of Pakistan;

• New clause has been added namely:

92A - Any income of any university or any other educational institution established in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA, for a period of two years ending on the 30th day of June, 2011;

- clause (102), shall be omitted; (Dividend received by ICP)
- clause (110), shall be omitted; (Capital gain on sale of shares)
- clause (110A), shall be omitted; (Transfer of Stock Exchange Membership Card).

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• New Clause has been added namely:

(126F) Profits and gains derived by a taxpayer located in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA for a period of three years starting from the tax year 2010:

Provided that this concession shall not be available to the manufacturers and suppliers of cement, sugar, beverages and cigarettes;

PART-IV

• New Clause has been added namely:

(10A) (i) The provisions of serial No. 5 of the Table given in subsection (1) of section 182 and clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 205 shall not apply to business located in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PA-TA, provided that the principal amount of tax due is paid by the 30th day of June, 2010;

(ii) the provisions of section 235, regarding advance tax on electricity, shall not apply to commercial and industrial consumers of electricity located in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA till the 30th day of June, 2011;

(iii) the provisions of section 154, regarding withholding tax on exports, shall not be applicable to the export of goods originating from the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA, till the 30th day of June, 2011;



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INCOME TAX

Provided that this clause shall only be restricted to the exporters based in the above areas;

(iv) the provisions of section 148 shall not be applicable on the import of plant and machinery for establishment of businesses in the most affected and moderately affected areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA and PATA till the 30th day of June, 2011:

Provided that this concession shall not be available to the manufacturers and suppliers of cement, sugar, beverages and cigarettes;

• New Clause has been added namely:

(73) To mitigate part of the cost of obtaining foreign support to fill productivity gap, income tax payable by a foreign experts shall be exempted provided that such expert is acquired with the prior approval of the Ministry of Textile Industry;



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FIFTH SCHEDULE

• New Clause has been added namely:

"4A. Decommissioning cost.- With effect from the Tax Year 2010, Decommissioning Cost as certified by a Chartered Accountant or a Cost Accountants, in the manner prescribed, shall be allowed over a period of ten years or the life of the development and production or mining lease whichever is less, starting from the year of commencement of commercial production or commenced prior to the 1st July, 2010, deduction for decommissioning cost as referred earlier shall be allowed from the Tax Year 2010 over the period of ten years or the remaining life of the development and production or mining lease, which ever is less;



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SEVENTH SCHEDULE

- New Clause has been added namely:
 - -8A. Transactional provisions.-

(1) Amounts provided for in the tax year 2008 and prior to the said tax year for or against irrecoverable or doubtful advances, which were neither claimed nor allowed as a tax deductible in any tax year, shall be allowed in the tax year in which such advances are actually written off against such provisions, in accordance with the provision of sections 29 and 29A.

(2) Amounts provided for in the tax year 2008 and prior to the said tax year for or against irrecoverable or doubtful advances, which were neither claimed nor allowed as a tax deductible in any tax year, which are written back in the tax year 2009 and thereafter in any tax year and credited to the profit and loss account, shall be excluded in computing the total income of that tax year under rule 1 of this Schedule.

(3) The provisions of this Schedule shall not apply to any asset given or acquired on finance lease by a banking company up to the tax year 2008, and recognition of income and deductions in respect of such asset shall be dealt in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance as if this Schedule has not come into force:

Provided that un-absorbed depreciation in respect of such assets shall be allowed to be set-off against the said lease rental income only;

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1. FEDERAL EXCISE ACT, 2005

SECTION	PRESENT POSITION AS ON 30 TH JUNE, 2010	PROPOSED AMENDMENT THROUGH FINANCE BILL, 2010
	2, 9, 14, 19 21, 23, 24, 27, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 43, 44, 45, 46	The various amendments have been made with reference to inland revenue reform through Finance (Amendment) Ordin- ance, 2009, the same have been made part of Finance Bill 2010 to give legal cover.
17	The time limit for maintaining and keeping the record is five years.	The time limit for maintaining and keeping the record has been extended upto six years or till such further period the final disposal of matter if pending in any court or Alternate Dispute Resolution Committee.
29		The Section has been restruc- tured inline of Inland Revenue.
31	Non-existence	Powers of adjudication- The Section has been already deleted by the Finance (Amendment) Ordinance, 2009, however, same has been validated through this Act.



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34A	Non-existence	Firstly it was given in Section 34, however, now by insertion of this new Section the procedure for filing reference before the High Court has been prescribed.
42A	Non-existence	Reference to authorities- The Section has been already inserted by the Finance (Amend- ment) Ordinance, 2009, howev- er, same has been validated through this Act.
42B	Non-existence	Selection for audit by the Board- The mechanism for conducting the audit by the board has been prescribed.
47	Service of order, decisions, etc.	Service of notices and other documents- This Section has been re- embodied regarding serving the notices in documents



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FIRST SCHEDULE

Various amendments have been made as under:

TABLE-1

8.	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes of tobacco or of tobac- co substitutes. Duty: 64% of retail price.	Cigars, cheroots, cigarillos and cigarettes of tobacco or of tobacco substitutes. Duty: Now the rate of duty has been enhanced to 65% of retail
		price.
9.	Locally produced cigarettes if their retail price exceeds sixteen rupees per ten cigarettes.	Locally produced cigarettes if their retail price exceeds nineteen rupees and fifty paisa per ten ciga- rettes.
	Duty: 64% of retail price.	Duty: Now the rate of duty has been enhanced to 65% of retail price.
10.	Locally produced cigarettes if their retail price exceeds seven rupees and ten rupees per ten cigarettes but does not exceed nineteen rupees and fifty paisa per ten cigarettes.	Locally produced cigarettes if their retail price exceeds seven rupees and ten rupees per ten cig- arettes but does not exceed nine- teen rupees and fifty paisa per ten cigarettes.
	Duty: Rs. 4.75 plus 70% per in- cremental rupee or part thereof.	Duty: Now the rate of duty has been enhanced Rs. 5.25 per ten cigarettes plus 70% per incremen- tal rupee or part thereof.
11.	Locally produced cigarettes if their retail price does not exceed ten rupees per ten cigarettes.	Locally produced cigarettes if their retail price does not exceed ten rupees per ten cigarettes.
	Duty: Four and seventy-five paisa per ten cigarettes.	Duty: Now the rate of duty has been enhanced to rupees five and twenty -five paisa per ten ciga- rettes.



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FEDERAL EXCISE

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36.	Natural gas in gaseous state	
	Duty: The rate of duty is Rs. 5.09	Duty: Now the rate of duty has been enhanced to Rs. 10.00
37.	Other petroleum gases in gases state	
	Duty: The rate of duty is Rs. 5.09	Duty: Now the rate of duty has been enhanced to Rs. 10.00
50.	Non-existence	Filter rods for cigarettes Re. 1 per filter rod
51.	Non-existence	Air conditioners 10% ad val
52.	Non-existence	Deep freezer 10% ad val



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LIST OF SROs (EXCISE)

The following SROs have been notified dated: June 5, 2010.

SRO NO.	BRIEF
399(i)/2010	Withdrawal of earlier SRO 650(I)/2005, dated: 01.07.2005.
	Through this amendment the restriction on adjust- ment of Federal Excise Duty paid on beverages concentrate has been done away, which would be effective from July 1, 2010.



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SECTION	PRESENT POSITION AS ON 30 TH JUNE, 2010	PROPOSED AMENDMENT THROUGH FINANCE BILL, 2010
2(s), (ii)	"smuggle" The monetary limit of manufac- turers of gold, silver and plati- num or precious stones bringing into Pakistan was Rs. 50,000	Now this limit has been in- creased upto Rs. 150,000, keep- ing under consideration the in- crease in rate of exchange of US\$ vis-à-vis PKR.
25A	Non-existent	The Custom value determined u/s. 25A shall be applicable until and unless revised or rescinded by the competent authority.
25D	Review of the value deter- mined Where the customs value has been determined by the Collector of Customs or Director of Valua- tion or any other authority com- petent to do so, a review applica- tion shall lie before Director- General of Valuation and any proceeding pending before any court, authority or tribunal shall forthwith abate.	The Section has been substituted as under: Where the customs value has been determined, under section 25A, by the Collector of Cus- toms or Director of Valuation, a review application shall be filed before Director General of Valu- ation, within thirty days from the date of determination of customs value, and any proceeding pend- ing before any court, authority or tribunal shall forthwith abate;



1	1	I
	Allowing denaturing or muti- lation of goods	The Section has been substituted as under:
27A	At the request of the owner, to be made before the filing of goods declaration, the denaturing or mutilation or scrapping of imported goods, which are ordi- narily used for more than one purpose, may be allowed, as prescribed by rules so as to rend- er them unfit for one or more such purposes and where any goods are so denatured or muti- lated or scrapped they shall be chargeable to duty at such rate as may be applicable if the goods had been imported in the dena- tured or mutilated form or as scrap.	The mutilation or scrapping of certain goods, as are notified by the Board, may be allowed, as prescribed under the rules, on the request of the owner and where such goods are so muti- lated or scrapped they shall be chargeable to duty at such rates as may be applicable if the goods had been imported in the mutilated form or as scrap;
32(5)(e)	Non-existent	In case of clearance of goods through Customs computerized system on self assessment or electronic assessment, the date of detection on post clearance audit.
32A(c)	Untrue information declared in goods declaration filed electron- ically was limited to description, quantity, quality, origin and val- ue of goods.	Now through this amendment the untrue information will also cover the cases where the pay- ment of revenue through self assessment has been made.



	Declaration and assessment for home consumption or ware- housing.	The first proviso of Section has been substituted as under:
79(1)	Provided that if, before filing a goods declaration, the owner makes a request to an officer of customs not below the rank of an Assistant Collector that he is unable, for want of full informa- tion, to make a correct and com- plete declaration of the goods, then such officer, subject to such conditions as he may deem fit, may permit the owner to ex- amine the goods and thereafter make entry of such goods by filing a goods declaration after having assessed and paid his liabilities of duties, taxes and other charges:	Provided that if, in case of used goods, before filing of goods declaration, the owner makes a request to an officer of customs not below the rank of an Addi- tional Collector that he is unable, for want of full information, to make a correct and complete declaration of the goods, then such officer subject to such con- ditions as he may deem fit, may permit the owner to examine the goods and thereafter make entry of such goods by filing a goods declaration after having assessed and paid his liabilities of duties, taxes and other charges:
81(2)	The time limit for provisional determination of duty and taxes is six months.	The time limit of six months for provisional determining has been reduced to 3 months. By inserting new proviso, the proceedings are adjourned on account of stay order or want of clarification from the board or the time taken through adjourn- ment by the importer shall be excluded for the computation of this period.



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		On completion of final determi- nation the appropriate officer shall issue order for adjustment, refund or recovery of amount as the case maybe.
156	(1) Any person contravenes any provision of the Act or the Rules made there-under for which no express penalty has been pro- vided, such person shall be liable to penalty not exceeding Rs. 25,000/	The rate of the penalty has been increased from Rs. 25,000/- to Rs. 50,000/
	(64) If any person contravenes any Rule or condition relatable to Section 128 or 129, such per- son shall be liable to penalty Rs. 25,000/-	The rate of the penalty has been increased from Rs. 25,000/- to twice of the value of goods.
194-A(¢)	Non-existent	A review order passed by the Director General Customs valuation u/s. 25D, provided that appeal under this clause is heard by special bench consisting of one technical member and one judicial member.



MISCELLANEOUS

- > Imposition of petroleum levy at Rs. 9 per liter on E-10 Gasoline.
- The word surcharge has been substituted by the word petroleum levy in the Petroleum Product Surcharge Ordinance, 1961.
- Increase in salary of employees of Federal Government by 50% of basic salary, excluding employees already receiving double salary.

